



Bright Rock Mid Cap Growth Fund

Institutional Class Shares (BQMGX)

Investor Class Shares (BQMIX) *(not currently offered)*

Bright Rock Quality Large Cap Fund

Institutional Class Shares (BQLCX)

Investor Class Shares (BQLIX) *(not currently offered)*

Prospectus

June 28, 2022

The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) has not approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this Prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

An investment in the Funds is not a deposit of or guaranteed by Rockland Trust Company, is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency, and is subject to investment risks, including possible loss of the principal invested.

Bright Rock Mid Cap Growth Fund

Bright Rock Quality Large Cap Fund

Each a series of Trust for Professional Managers (the “Trust”)

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The Investor Class shares of the Funds are not currently offered for purchase.

Summary Section

Bright Rock Mid Cap Growth Fund

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Bright Rock Mid Cap Growth Fund (the “Mid Cap Growth Fund” or the “Fund”) is long-term capital appreciation.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and Example below.**

Shareholder Fees <i>(fees paid directly from your investment)</i>	Institutional Class Shares	Investor Class Shares
	None	None
Annual Fund Operating Expenses <i>(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)</i>		
Management Fees	0.75%	0.75%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	None	0.25%
Other Expenses	0.32%	0.32%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.07%	1.32%

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the costs of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then hold or redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

Share Class	One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Ten Years
Institutional Class	\$109	\$340	\$590	\$1,306
Investor Class	\$134	\$418	\$723	\$1,590

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These transaction costs and potentially higher taxes, which are not reflected in the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the fiscal year ended February 28, 2022, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 20.1% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal market conditions, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets in equity securities of companies with medium-sized market capitalizations (“mid-cap companies”). The Fund defines mid-cap companies as those companies with market capitalizations within the range of companies in the Russell Midcap[®] Growth Total Return Index at the time of investment. As of May 31, 2022, the market

capitalization range of companies in the Russell Midcap[®] Growth Total Return Index was between \$0.97 billion and \$67.3 billion.

The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing primarily in common stocks of mid-cap U.S. companies. Equity securities in which the Fund may invest also include preferred stocks, convertible debt securities, and other investment companies and exchange-traded funds (“ETFs”) that invest in equity securities of mid-cap companies. In addition to U.S. companies, the Fund may invest up to 25% of its net assets in securities of foreign mid-cap companies that are traded in the U.S., including companies located in emerging markets, as well as American Depositary Receipts (“ADRs”).

In selecting investments for the Fund, Bright Rock Capital Management, LLC, the Fund’s investment adviser (the “Adviser”), seeks to identify companies with attractive earnings growth prospects. Investments for the Fund’s portfolio are selected by applying the Adviser’s disciplined, bottom-up fundamental research process, which takes into account a company’s history of earnings stability and growth; proprietary products, processes and/or services; leadership or competitive positions in the market or industry; balance sheet strength; and experience of management teams. The Adviser may sell an investment in the Fund’s portfolio when the investment no longer meets the Adviser’s criteria for investments with strong growth potential or when a more attractive investment opportunity arises.

Principal Risks

Before investing in the Fund, you should carefully consider your own investment goals, the amount of time you are willing to leave your money invested, and the amount of risk you are willing to take. Remember, in addition to possibly not achieving your investment goals, **you could lose all or a portion of your investment in the Fund over long or even short periods of time.** The principal risks of investing in the Fund are:

- *Management Risk.* Investment strategies employed by the Adviser in selecting investments and asset allocations for the Fund may not result in an increase in the value of your investment or in overall performance equal to other similar investment vehicles having similar investment strategies.
- *General Market Risk.* Certain securities selected for the Fund’s portfolio may be worth less than the price originally paid for them, or less than they were worth at an earlier time.
- *Recent Market Events Risk.* U.S. and international markets have experienced significant periods of volatility in recent months and years due to a number of economic, political and global macro factors including rising inflation and the impact of the coronavirus (COVID-19) as a global pandemic which has resulted in a public health crisis, business interruptions and growth concerns in the U.S. and overseas. While U.S. and global economies are recovering from the effects of COVID-19, the recovery is proceeding at slower than expected rates and may last for a prolonged period of time.
- *Equity Market Risk.* The equity securities held in the Fund’s portfolio may experience sudden, unpredictable drops in value or long periods of decline in value. This may occur because of factors that affect securities markets generally or factors affecting specific industries, sectors or companies in which the Fund invests.
- *Preferred Stock Risk.* Preferred stock is subject to the risk that the dividend on the stock may be changed or omitted by the issuer, and that participation in the growth of an issuer may be limited.
- *Convertible Securities Risk.* The market value of a convertible security performs like that of a regular debt security, that is, if market interest rates rise, the value of the convertible security falls.
- *Growth Stock Risk.* The prices of growth stocks may be more sensitive to changes in current or expected earnings than the prices of other stocks.
- *Mid-Capitalization Company Risk.* The mid-capitalization companies in which the Fund may invest may be more vulnerable to adverse business or economic events than larger, more established companies. In particular, these mid-sized companies may pose additional risks, including liquidity risk, because these companies may have limited product lines, markets and

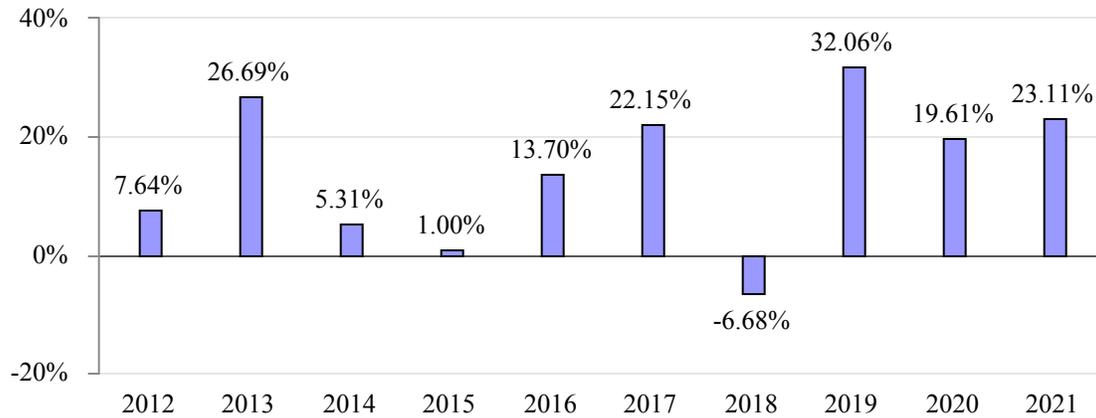
financial resources, and may depend upon a relatively small management group. Therefore, mid-cap stocks may be more volatile than those of larger companies.

- *Shares of Other Investment Companies Risk.* You will indirectly bear fees and expenses charged by the underlying funds in addition to the Fund's direct fees and expenses. As a result, your cost of investing in the Fund will generally be higher than the cost of investing directly in the underlying fund shares.
- *Exchange-Traded Funds Risk.* There are risks related to investing in ETFs that do not apply to investments in conventional mutual funds, including that the market price of an ETF's shares may trade at a discount to their net asset value ("NAV") or that an active trading market for an ETF's shares may not develop or be maintained.
- *Foreign Securities Risk.* The risks of investments in securities of foreign companies, including ADRs, involve risks not generally associated with investments in the securities of U.S. companies, including risks relating to political, social and economic developments abroad and differences between U.S. and foreign regulatory requirements and market practices, including fluctuations in foreign currencies. Income earned on foreign stocks and securities may be subject to foreign withholding taxes.
- *Emerging Markets Risk.* Countries in emerging markets are generally more volatile and can have relatively unstable governments, social and legal systems that do not protect shareholders, economies based on only a few industries, and securities markets that trade a small number of issues. Emerging market securities may be subject to relatively more abrupt and severe price declines due to the smaller securities markets, lower trading volumes and less government regulation of securities markets in emerging market countries compared to those in developed countries. Investments in emerging market securities generally are more illiquid and volatile and subject to a higher risk of settlement disruptions than investments in securities of issuers in developed countries.
- *Not a Bank Deposit.* Investments by any investors in the Fund are not bank deposits, are not guaranteed by any bank, are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency, and are subject to investment risks, including possible loss of the principal invested.
- *Cybersecurity Risk.* With the increased use of technologies such as the Internet to conduct business, the Fund is susceptible to operational, information security, and related risks. Cyber incidents affecting the Fund or its service providers have the ability to cause disruptions and impact business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses, interference with the Fund's ability to calculate its NAV, impediments to trading, the inability of shareholders to transact business, violations of applicable privacy and other laws, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs, or additional compliance costs.

Performance

The bar chart provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year. The Average Annual Total Returns table also demonstrates these risks by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for the one year, five year, ten year and since inception periods compare with those of a broad measure of market performance. The Fund's past performance, before and after taxes, is not necessarily an indication of how it will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on the Fund's website at <http://www.brightrockfunds.com/literature.html> or by calling the Fund at 1-866-273-7223 (toll free).

Calendar Year Total Return as of December 31*



* The returns shown in the bar chart are for Institutional Class shares of the Fund. Investor Class shares would have substantially similar annual returns because the shares are invested in the same portfolio of securities and the annual returns would differ only to the extent that the classes do not have the same expenses. Investor Class shares are not currently offered for purchase.

The Fund’s calendar year-to-date return as of March 31, 2022 was -8.85%. During the period of time shown in the bar chart, the Fund’s highest quarterly return was 26.19% for the quarter ended June 30, 2020, and the lowest quarterly return was -23.19% for the quarter ended March 31, 2020.

**Average Annual Total Returns
(for the Periods Ended December 31, 2021)**

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>5 Year</u>	<u>10 Year</u>	<u>Since Inception (5/26/10)</u>
Institutional Class Shares				
Return Before Taxes	23.11%	17.26%	13.84%	13.04%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	20.84%	16.35%	12.86%	12.07%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	15.18%	13.89%	11.35%	10.73%
Russell Midcap® Growth Total Return Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	12.73%	19.83%	16.63%	16.25%

After-tax returns are calculated using the highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to shareholders who hold their shares through tax-deferred or other tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts (“IRAs”). After-tax returns are shown only for the Institutional Class shares. The after-tax returns for Investor Class shares will vary. Investor Class shares are not currently offered for purchase.

Management

Investment Adviser

Bright Rock Capital Management, LLC is the Fund’s investment adviser.

Portfolio Managers

Douglas S. Butler, CFA[®], CFP[®] and David B. Smith, CFA[®], each a Portfolio Manager of the Adviser, are responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund's portfolio and have served as the portfolio managers of the Fund since June 2012.

For important information about the purchase and sale of Fund shares, tax information and financial intermediary compensation, please turn to "Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares, Taxes and Financial Intermediary Compensation" on page 11.

Bright Rock Quality Large Cap Fund

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Bright Rock Quality Large Cap Fund (the “Quality Large Cap Fund” or the “Fund”) is long-term capital appreciation.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and Example below.**

Shareholder Fees <i>(fees paid directly from your investment)</i>	Institutional Class Shares	Investor Class Shares
	None	None
Annual Fund Operating Expenses <i>(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)</i>		
Management Fees	0.65%	0.65%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	None	0.25%
Other Expenses	0.18%	0.18%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.04%	0.04%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses ⁽¹⁾	0.87%	1.12%

⁽¹⁾ Please note that Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses in the table above do not correlate to the Ratio of Expenses to Average Net Assets found within the “Financial Highlights” section of this Prospectus because the “Financial Highlights” include only the direct operating expenses incurred by the Fund and exclude Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses (“AFFE”).

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the costs of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then hold or redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

Share Class	One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Ten Years
Institutional Class	\$89	\$278	\$482	\$1,073
Investor Class	\$114	\$356	\$617	\$1,363

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These transaction costs and potentially higher taxes, which are not reflected in the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the fiscal year ended February 28, 2022, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 30.4% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal market conditions, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets in equity securities of companies with large-sized market capitalizations (“large-cap companies”). The Fund defines large-cap companies as those companies with market capitalizations within the range of companies in the

Russell 1000[®] Index at the time of investment. As of May 31, 2022, the market capitalization range of companies in the Russell 1000[®] Index was between \$0.97 billion and \$2.4 trillion.

The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing primarily in common stocks of large-cap U.S. companies. Equity securities in which the Fund may invest also include preferred stocks, convertible debt securities, and other investment companies and exchange-traded funds (“ETFs”) that invest in equity securities of large-cap companies. In addition to U.S. companies, the Fund may invest up to 25% of its net assets in securities of foreign large-cap companies that are traded in the U.S., including companies located in emerging markets, as well as American Depositary Receipts (“ADRs”).

In selecting investments for the Fund, Bright Rock Capital Management, LLC, the Fund’s investment adviser (the “Adviser”), seeks to identify high quality businesses by applying its disciplined, bottom-up fundamental research process, which takes into account a company’s history of earnings stability and growth; proprietary products, processes and/or services; leadership or competitive positions in the market or industry; balance sheet strength; and experience of management teams. The Fund will invest in both growth and value stocks, and will maintain exposure across a variety of industry sectors. The Adviser utilizes a proprietary quality screening methodology to determine companies that meet the Adviser’s criteria for inclusion in the quality universe. The Adviser may sell an investment in the Fund’s portfolio when the investment no longer meets the Adviser’s criteria for investments in high quality businesses or when a more attractive investment opportunity arises.

Principal Risks

Before investing in the Fund, you should carefully consider your own investment goals, the amount of time you are willing to leave your money invested, and the amount of risk you are willing to take. Remember, in addition to possibly not achieving your investment goals, **you could lose all or a portion of your investment in the Fund over long or even short periods of time.** The principal risks of investing in the Fund are:

- *Management Risk.* Investment strategies employed by the Adviser in selecting investments and asset allocations for the Fund may not result in an increase in the value of your investment or in overall performance equal to other similar investment vehicles having similar investment strategies.
- *General Market Risk.* Certain securities selected for the Fund’s portfolio may be worth less than the price originally paid for them, or less than they were worth at an earlier time.
- *Recent Market Events Risk.* U.S. and international markets have experienced significant periods of volatility in recent months and years due to a number of economic, political and global macro factors including rising inflation and the impact of the coronavirus (COVID-19) as a global pandemic which has resulted in a public health crisis, business interruptions and growth concerns in the U.S. and overseas. While U.S. and global economies are recovering from the effects of COVID-19, the recovery is proceeding at slower than expected rates and may last for a prolonged period of time.
- *Equity Market Risk.* The equity securities held in the Fund’s portfolio may experience sudden, unpredictable drops in value or long periods of decline in value. This may occur because of factors that affect securities markets generally or factors affecting specific industries, sectors or companies in which the Fund invests.
- *Preferred Stock Risk.* Preferred stock is subject to the risk that the dividend on the stock may be changed or omitted by the issuer, and that participation in the growth of an issuer may be limited.
- *Convertible Securities Risk.* The market value of a convertible security performs like that of a regular debt security, that is, if market interest rates rise, the value of the convertible security falls.
- *Growth Stock Risk.* The prices of growth stocks may be more sensitive to changes in current or expected earnings than the prices of other stocks.
- *Value Stock Risk.* Value stocks may perform differently from the market as a whole and may continue to be undervalued by the market for long periods of time.
- *Large-Capitalization Company Risk.* Larger, more established companies may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges such as changes in consumer tastes or innovative

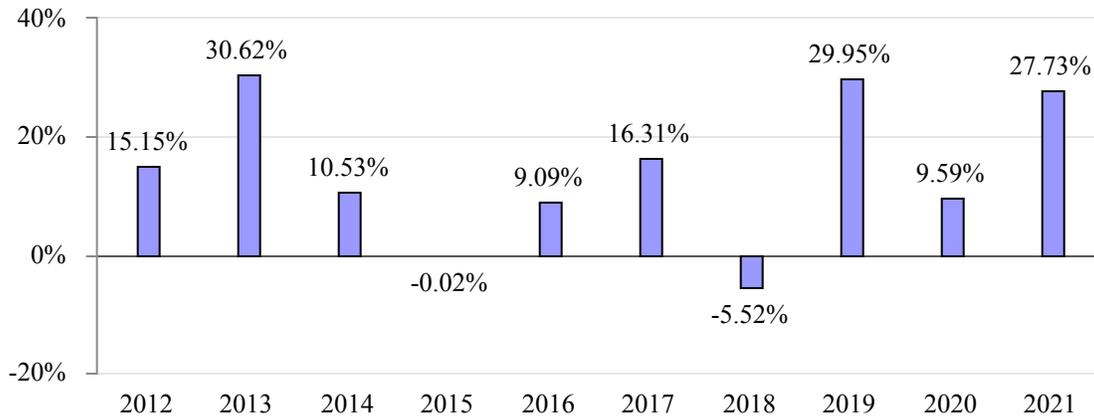
smaller competitors. Also, large-capitalization companies are sometimes unable to attain the high growth rates of successful, smaller companies, especially during extended periods of economic expansion.

- *Shares of Other Investment Companies Risk.* You will indirectly bear fees and expenses charged by the underlying funds in addition to the Fund's direct fees and expenses. As a result, your cost of investing in the Fund will generally be higher than the cost of investing directly in the underlying fund shares.
- *Exchange-Traded Funds Risk.* There are risks related to investing in ETFs that do not apply to investments in conventional mutual funds, including that the market price of an ETF's shares may trade at a discount to their net asset value ("NAV") or that an active trading market for an ETF's shares may not develop or be maintained.
- *Foreign Securities Risk.* The risks of investments in securities of foreign companies, including ADRs, involve risks not generally associated with investments in the securities of U.S. companies, including risks relating to political, social and economic developments abroad and differences between U.S. and foreign regulatory requirements and market practices, including fluctuations in foreign currencies. Income earned on foreign stocks and securities may be subject to foreign withholding taxes.
- *Emerging Markets Risk.* Countries in emerging markets are generally more volatile and can have relatively unstable governments, social and legal systems that do not protect shareholders, economies based on only a few industries, and securities markets that trade a small number of issues. Emerging market securities may be subject to relatively more abrupt and severe price declines due to the smaller securities markets, lower trading volumes and less government regulation of securities markets in emerging market countries compared to those in developed countries. Investments in emerging market securities generally are more illiquid and volatile and subject to a higher risk of settlement disruptions than investments in securities of issuers in developed countries.
- *Not a Bank Deposit.* Investments by any investors in the Fund are not bank deposits, are not guaranteed by any bank, are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency, and are subject to investment risks, including possible loss of the principal invested.
- *Cybersecurity Risk.* With the increased use of technologies such as the Internet to conduct business, the Fund is susceptible to operational, information security, and related risks. Cyber incidents affecting the Fund or its service providers have the ability to cause disruptions and impact business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses, interference with the Fund's ability to calculate its NAV, impediments to trading, the inability of shareholders to transact business, violations of applicable privacy and other laws, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs, or additional compliance costs.

Performance

The bar chart provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year. The Average Annual Total Returns table also demonstrates these risks by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for the one year, five year, ten year and since inception periods compare with those of a broad measure of market performance. The Fund's past performance, before and after taxes, is not necessarily an indication of how it will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on the Fund's website at <http://www.brightrockfunds.com/literature.html> or by calling the Fund at 1-866-273-7223 (toll free).

Calendar Year Total Return as of December 31*



* The returns shown in the bar chart are for Institutional Class shares of the Fund. Investor Class shares would have substantially similar annual returns because the shares are invested in the same portfolio of securities and the annual returns would differ only to the extent that the classes do not have the same expenses. Investor Class shares are not currently offered for purchase.

The Fund’s calendar year-to-date return as of March 31, 2022 was -3.99%. During the period of time shown in the bar chart, the Fund’s highest quarterly return was 18.04% for the quarter ended June 30, 2020, and the lowest quarterly return was -21.52% for the quarter ended March 31, 2020.

**Average Annual Total Returns
(for the Periods Ended December 31, 2021)**

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>5 Year</u>	<u>10 Year</u>	<u>Since Inception (5/26/10)</u>
Institutional Class Shares				
Return Before Taxes	27.73%	14.86%	13.74%	13.23%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	25.27%	13.53%	12.29%	11.89%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	18.05%	11.70%	11.07%	10.76%
S&P 500® Total Return Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	28.71%	18.47%	16.55%	16.07%

After-tax returns are calculated using the highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant to shareholders who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts (“IRAs”). After-tax returns are shown only for the Institutional Class shares. The after-tax returns for Investor Class shares will vary. Investor Class shares are not currently offered for purchase.

Management

Investment Adviser

Bright Rock Capital Management, LLC is the Fund’s investment adviser.

Portfolio Managers

Douglas S. Butler, CFA[®], CFP[®] and David B. Smith, CFA[®], each a Portfolio Manager of the Adviser, are responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund's portfolio and have served as the portfolio managers of the Fund since the Fund commenced operations in May 2010.

For important information about the purchase and sale of Fund shares, tax information and financial intermediary compensation, please turn to "Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares, Taxes and Financial Intermediary Compensation" on page 11.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares, Taxes and Financial Intermediary Compensation

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase, redeem or exchange shares by mail (Bright Rock Funds, c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services, P.O. Box 701, Milwaukee, WI 53201-0701 (for regular mail) or 615 East Michigan Street, 3rd Floor, Milwaukee, WI 53202 (for overnight or express mail)), by wire or by telephone at 1-866-273-7223. Investors who wish to purchase, redeem or exchange Fund shares through a financial intermediary should contact the financial intermediary directly. The minimum initial amount of investment in a Fund and exchanges into a Fund from another fund in the Bright Rock Funds family is \$100,000 for Institutional Class shares and \$5,000 for Investor Class shares. Subsequent investments in Institutional Class shares and Investor Class shares for all types of accounts may be made with a minimum investment amount of \$5,000 or \$1,000, respectively. Investor Class shares of the Funds are not currently offered for purchase.

Tax Information

The Funds' distributions will be taxed as ordinary income or long-term capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred or other tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an IRA. You may be taxed later upon withdrawal of monies from such tax-deferred or other tax-advantaged arrangements.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase Fund shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Funds and their related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create conflicts of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Funds over another investment. Ask your adviser or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

Principal Investment Strategies, Related Risks and Disclosure of Portfolio Holdings

Bright Rock Mid Cap Growth Fund

Investment Objective

The Mid Cap Growth Fund's investment objective is long-term capital appreciation.

Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal market conditions, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets in equity securities of mid-cap companies. The Fund defines mid-cap companies as those companies with market capitalizations within the range of companies in the Russell Midcap[®] Growth Total Return Index at the time of investment. As of May 31, 2022, the market capitalization range of companies in the Russell Midcap[®] Growth Total Return Index was between \$0.97 billion and \$67.3 billion.

The Fund invests primarily in common stocks of mid-cap U.S. companies. The Fund may also invest in preferred stocks, convertible debt securities, and other investment companies and ETFs that invest in equity securities of mid-cap companies. In addition to U.S. companies, the Fund may invest up to 25% of its net assets in securities of foreign mid-cap companies that are traded in the U.S., including companies located in emerging markets, as well as ADRs.

In selecting investments for the Fund, the Adviser seeks to identify companies with attractive earnings growth prospects. Investments for the Fund's portfolio are selected for quality by applying a disciplined, bottom-up fundamental research process, which takes into account a company's history of earnings stability and growth; proprietary products, processes and/or services; leadership or competitive positions in the market or industry; balance sheet strength; and experience of management teams. The Adviser may sell an investment in the Fund's portfolio when the investment no longer meets the Adviser's criteria for investments with strong growth potential or when a more attractive investment opportunity arises.

Bright Rock Quality Large Cap Fund

Investment Objective

The Quality Large Cap Fund's investment objective is long-term capital appreciation.

Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal market conditions, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets in equity securities of large-cap companies. The Fund defines large-cap companies as those companies with market capitalizations within the range of companies in the Russell 1000[®] Index at the time of investment. As of May 31, 2022, the market capitalization range of companies in the Russell 1000[®] Index was between \$0.97 billion and \$2.4 trillion.

The Fund invests primarily in common stocks of large-cap U.S. companies. The Fund may also invest in preferred stocks, convertible debt securities, and other investment companies and ETFs that invest in equity securities of large-cap companies. In addition to U.S. companies, the Fund may invest up to 25% of its net assets in securities of foreign large-cap companies that are traded in the U.S., including companies located in emerging markets, as well as ADRs.

In selecting investments for the Fund, the Adviser seeks to identify high quality businesses by applying its disciplined, bottom-up fundamental research process, which takes into account a company's history of earnings stability and growth; proprietary products, processes and/or services; leadership or competitive positions in the market or industry; balance sheet strength; and experience of management teams. The Fund will then analyze the quality companies it identifies to screen for what the Adviser believes are the best opportunities for long-term capital appreciation, using a blend of growth or value. The composition of the Fund's portfolio will vary among growth or value prospects at any time based on economic or market conditions. The Adviser may sell an investment in the Fund's portfolio when the investment no longer meets the Adviser's criteria for investments in high quality businesses or when a more attractive investment opportunity arises.

General Investment Policies of the Funds

Temporary Strategies; Cash or Similar Investments. For temporary defensive purposes, in response to adverse market, economic, political, or other conditions, the Adviser may invest up to 100% of a Fund's total assets in high-quality, short-term debt securities and money market instruments. These short-term debt securities and money market instruments include shares of other mutual funds, commercial paper, certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, U.S. Government securities and repurchase agreements. Taking a temporary defensive position may result in a Fund not achieving its investment objective. Furthermore, to the extent that a Fund invests in money market mutual funds for its cash position, there will be some duplication of expenses because the Fund would bear its pro rata portion of such money market funds' management fees and operational expenses.

Change in Investment Objective. Each Fund's investment objective may be changed without the approval of the Fund's shareholders upon approval by the Trust's Board of Trustees and 60 days' prior written notice to shareholders. A Fund may not make any change in its investment policy of investing at least 80% of net assets in investments suggested by the Fund's name without first changing the Fund's name and providing shareholders with at least 60 days' prior written notice.

Principal Risks of Investing in the Funds

Before investing in the Funds, you should carefully consider your own investment goals, the amount of time you are willing to leave your money invested, and the amount of risk you are willing to take. Remember, in addition to possibly not achieving your investment goals, **you could lose all or a portion of your investment in a Fund.**

- *Management Risk.* The ability of a Fund to meet its investment objective is directly related to the Adviser's investment strategies for the Fund. The value of your investment in a Fund may vary with the effectiveness of the Adviser's research, analysis and asset allocation among portfolio securities. If the Adviser's investment strategies do not produce the expected results, the value of your investment could be diminished or even lost entirely.
- *General Market Risk.* The market value of a security may move up or down, sometimes rapidly and unpredictably. These fluctuations may cause a security to be worth less than the price originally paid for it, or less than it was worth at an earlier time. Market risk may affect a single issuer, industry, sector of the economy or the market as a whole. Global economies and financial markets are increasingly interconnected, which increases the possibilities that conditions in one country or region might adversely impact issuers in a different country or region. The securities markets have experienced substantially lower valuations, reduced liquidity, price volatility, credit downgrades, increased likelihood of default, and valuation difficulties, all of which may increase the risks of investing in securities held by the Funds.

- *Recent Markets Events Risk.* U.S. and international markets have experienced volatility in recent months and years due to a number of economic, political and global macro factors, including rising inflation and the impact of the coronavirus (COVID-19) global pandemic, which has resulted in a public health crisis, business interruptions, growth concerns in the U.S. and overseas, supply chain shortages and labor shortages. While U.S. and global economies are recovering from the effects of COVID-19, the recovery is proceeding at slower than expected rates and may last for a prolonged period of time. Uncertainties regarding inflation, interest rates, political events, the Russia-Ukraine conflict, rising government debt in the U.S. and trade tensions have also contributed to market volatility.

Additionally, a rise in protectionist trade policies, slowing global economic growth, risks associated with epidemic and pandemic diseases, risks associated with the United Kingdom's departure from the European Union, the risk of trade disputes, and the possibility of changes to some international trade agreements, could affect the economies of many nations, including the United States, in ways that cannot necessarily be foreseen at the present time. Continuing market volatility as a result of recent market conditions or other events may have adverse effects on your account.

- *Equity Market Risk.* Common stocks are susceptible to general stock market fluctuations and to volatile increases and decreases in value as market confidence in and perceptions of their issuers change. These investor perceptions are based on various and unpredictable factors including: expectations regarding government, economic, monetary and fiscal policies; inflation and interest rates; economic expansion or contraction; and global or regional political, economic and banking crises. If you held common stock, or common stock equivalents, of any given issuer, you would generally be exposed to greater risk than if you held preferred stocks and debt obligations of the issuer because common stockholders, or holders of equivalent interests, generally have inferior rights to receive payments from issuers in comparison with the rights of preferred stockholders, bondholders and other creditors of such issuers.
- *Preferred Stock Risk.* A preferred stock has a blend of the characteristics of bonds and common stock. It may offer the higher yield of a bond and has priority over common stock in equity ownership, but it does not have the seniority of a bond and, unlike common stock, its participation in the issuer's growth may be limited. Although the dividend on a preferred stock may be set at a fixed annual rate, in some circumstances it may be changed or discontinued by the issuer.
- *Convertible Securities Risk.* A convertible security is a fixed-income security (a debt instrument or a preferred stock) which may be converted at a stated price within a specified period of time into a certain quantity of the common stock of the same or a different issuer. The market value of a convertible security will perform the same as a regular fixed income security; that is, if market interest rates rise, the value of the convertible security falls. Convertible securities are senior to common stock in an issuer's capital structure, but are subordinated to any senior debt securities. As a result, in the event of a liquidation of the issuing company, holders of convertible securities generally would be paid after the company's creditors but before the company's common shareholders. Consequently, an issuer's convertible securities generally may be viewed as having more risk than its debt securities but less risk than its common stock. If a convertible security held by a Fund is called for redemption, the Fund will be required to surrender the security for redemption, and convert it into the issuing company's common stock or cash at a time that may be unfavorable to the Fund.
- *Growth Stock Risk.* The prices of growth stocks may be more sensitive to changes in current or expected earnings than the prices of other stocks. Growth stocks may not perform as well as value stocks or the stock market in general.

- *Value Stock Risk (Quality Large Cap Fund Only).* Value stocks may react differently to issuer, political, market, and economic developments than the market as a whole and other types of stocks. Value stocks tend to be inexpensive relative to their earnings or assets compared to other types of stocks. However, value stocks may continue to be inexpensive for long periods of time and may not ever realize their full value.
- *Large-Cap Company Risk (Quality Large Cap Fund Only).* Larger, more established companies may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges such as changes in consumer tastes or innovative smaller competitors. Also, large-cap companies are sometimes unable to attain the high growth rates of successful, smaller companies, especially during extended periods of economic expansion.
- *Mid-Cap Company Risk (Mid Cap Growth Fund Only).* Investing in mid-cap companies may involve greater risk than investing in large-cap companies, and these risks are passed on to the Fund. Mid-cap companies may not have the management experience, financial resources, product diversification and competitive strengths of large-cap companies. Therefore, their securities may be more volatile than the securities of larger, more established companies, making them less liquid than other securities. Mid-cap company stocks may also be bought and sold less often and in smaller amounts than larger company stocks. Because of this, if the Adviser wants to sell a large quantity of a mid-cap company's stock, it may have to sell at a lower price than it might prefer, or it may have to sell in smaller than desired quantities over a period of time.
- *Foreign Securities Risk.* Investing in foreign securities, including direct investments and through ADRs, which are traded on U.S. exchanges and represent an ownership in a foreign security, poses additional risks since political and economic events unique to a country or region will affect those markets and their issuers. These risks will not necessarily affect the U.S. economy or similar issuers located in the United States, but may affect the U.S. companies with significant foreign operations. In addition, changes in the value of a currency compared to the U.S. dollar may affect (positively or negatively) the value of foreign securities. These currency movements may occur separately from, and in response to, events that do not otherwise affect the value of the security in the issuer's home country. While ADRs provide an alternative to directly purchasing the underlying foreign securities in their respective national markets and currencies, investments in ADRs continue to be subject to many of the risks associated with investing directly in foreign securities.
- *Emerging Markets Risk.* The risks of foreign investments are usually much greater when they are made in emerging markets. Investments in emerging markets may be considered speculative. Emerging markets are riskier than more developed markets because they tend to develop unevenly and may never fully develop. They are more likely to experience high rates of inflation and currency devaluations, which may adversely affect returns. In addition, many emerging markets have far lower trading volumes and less liquidity than developed markets. Since these markets are often small, they may be more likely to suffer sharp and frequent price changes or long-term price depression because of adverse publicity, investor perceptions or the actions of a few large investors. In addition, traditional measures of investment value used in the U.S., such as price to earnings ratios, may not apply to certain emerging markets. Also, there may be less publicly available information about issuers in emerging markets than would be available about issuers in more developed capital markets, and such issuers may not be subject to accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards and requirements comparable to those to which companies in developed countries are subject. In addition, investments in emerging market countries present risks to a greater degree than those presented by investments in countries with developed securities markets and more advanced regulatory systems.

Many emerging markets have histories of political instability and abrupt changes in policies. As a result, their governments may be more likely to take actions that are hostile or detrimental to private enterprise or foreign investment than those of more developed countries, including expropriation of assets, confiscatory taxation or unfavorable diplomatic developments. Some emerging countries have pervasive corruption and crime that may hinder investments. Certain emerging markets may also face other significant internal or external risks, including the risk of war, and ethnic, religious and racial conflicts. In addition, governments in many emerging market countries participate to a significant degree in their economies and securities markets, which may impair investment and economic growth. National policies that may limit the Funds' investment opportunities include restrictions on investment in issuers or industries deemed sensitive to national interests.

Emerging markets may also have differing legal systems and the existence or possible imposition of exchange controls, custodial restrictions or other laws or restrictions applicable to investments differ from those found in more developed markets. Sometimes, they may lack, or be in the relatively early development of, legal structures governing private and foreign investments and private property. In addition to withholding taxes on investment income, some emerging market countries may impose different capital gains taxes on foreign investors.

Practices in relation to settlement of securities transactions in emerging market countries involve higher risks than those in developed markets, in part because the Funds will need to use brokers and counterparties that are less well capitalized, and custody and registration of assets in some countries may be unreliable. The possibility of fraud, negligence, and/or undue influence being exerted by the issuer or refusal to recognize ownership exists in some emerging markets, and, along with other factors, could result in ownership registration being completely lost. The Funds would absorb any loss resulting from such registration problems and may have no successful claim for compensation. In addition, communications between parties in the U.S. and parties in emerging market countries may be unreliable, increasing the risk of delayed settlements or losses of security certificates.

- *Shares of Other Investment Companies Risk.* You will indirectly bear fees and expenses charged by the underlying funds in addition to a Fund's direct fees and expenses and, as a result, your cost of investing in such Fund will generally be higher than the cost of investing directly in the underlying fund shares.
- *Exchange-Traded Funds Risk.* An investment in an ETF generally presents the same primary risks as an investment in a conventional mutual fund (*i.e.*, one that is not exchange traded) that has the same investment objective, strategies and policies. The price of an ETF can fluctuate within a wide range, and the Funds could lose money when investing in an ETF if the prices of the securities owned by the ETF go down. In addition, ETFs are subject to the following risks that do not apply to conventional mutual funds: (1) the market price of the ETF's shares may trade at a discount to their NAV; (2) an active trading market for an ETF's shares may not develop or be maintained; or (3) trading of an ETF's shares may be halted if the listing exchange's officials deem such action appropriate, the shares are de-listed from the exchange, or the activation of market-wide "circuit breakers" (which are tied to large decreases in stock prices) halts stock trading generally. Additionally, ETFs have management and other fees, which increase their cost.
- *Cybersecurity Risk.* With the increased use of technologies such as the Internet to conduct business, the Funds are susceptible to operational, information security, and related risks. In general, cyber incidents can result from deliberate attacks or unintentional events. Cyber attacks include, but are not limited to, gaining unauthorized access to digital systems (*e.g.*, through "hacking" or malicious software coding) for purposes of misappropriating assets or sensitive information, corrupting data, or causing operational disruption. Cyber attacks may also be carried out in a manner that does not require gaining unauthorized access, such as causing denial-of-service attacks on websites (*i.e.*, efforts to make network services unavailable to intended users). Cyber incidents affecting the Funds or their service providers have the ability to cause disruptions and

impact business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses, interference with the Funds' ability to calculate their NAV, impediments to trading, the inability of shareholders to transact business, violations of applicable privacy and other laws, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs, or additional compliance costs. Similar adverse consequences could result from cyber incidents affecting issuers of securities in which the Funds invest, counterparties with which the Funds engage in transactions, governmental and other regulatory authorities, exchange and other financial market operators, banks, brokers, dealers, insurance companies and other financial institutions (including financial intermediaries and service providers for shareholders) and other parties. In addition, substantial costs may be incurred in order to prevent any cyber incidents in the future. While the Funds' service providers have established business continuity plans in the event of, and risk management systems to prevent, such cyber incidents, there are inherent limitations in such plans and systems including the possibility that certain risks have not been identified. Furthermore, the Funds cannot control the cyber security plans and systems put in place by their service providers or any other third parties whose operations may affect the Funds or their shareholders. As a result, the Funds and their shareholders could be negatively impacted.

- *Not Bank Deposits.* Investments by any investors in the Funds are not bank deposits, are not guaranteed by any bank, are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency, and are subject to investment risks, including possible loss of the principal invested.

Portfolio Holdings Information

A description of the Funds' policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the Funds' portfolio holdings is available in the Funds' Statement of Additional Information ("SAI"). Disclosure of the Funds' holdings is required to be made quarterly within 60 days of the end of each fiscal quarter in the annual and semi-annual reports to Fund shareholders and in the quarterly holdings report on Part F of Form N-PORT. The annual and semi-annual reports to Fund shareholders are available free of charge by contacting the Bright Rock Funds, c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services, P.O. Box 701, Milwaukee, WI 53201-0701 or calling 1-866-273-7223 or by visiting www.brightrockfunds.com. The Funds' filings on Part F of Form N-PORT is available on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

Management of the Funds

The Adviser

The Funds have entered into an investment advisory agreement ("Advisory Agreement") with Bright Rock Capital Management, LLC, located at 2036 Washington Street, Hanover, MA 02339. The Adviser was organized in January 2010 and is an SEC-registered investment adviser that provides discretionary equity portfolio management services to the Funds and to institutional and individual clients through separately-managed accounts. The Adviser is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Rockland Trust Company ("Rockland Trust"), which in turn is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Independent Bank Corp, a publicly-traded company. Rockland Trust is a Massachusetts trust company regulated by the Commissioner of Banks of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Under the Advisory Agreement, the Adviser manages the Funds' investments subject to the supervision of the Board of Trustees. For the fiscal year ended February 28, 2022, the Adviser received management fees as a percentage of average daily net assets of 0.75% and 0.65% of the Mid Cap Growth Fund and the Quality Large Cap Fund, respectively.

Fund Expenses. Each Fund is responsible for its own operating expenses. However, pursuant to an operating expense limitation agreement between the Adviser and the Trust, on behalf of the Funds, the Adviser has agreed to waive its management fees and/or reimburse expenses to ensure that the total amount of each Fund's operating expenses (exclusive of any front-end or contingent deferred loads, Rule 12b-1 fees, shareholder servicing plan fees, taxes, leverage expenses (*i.e.*, any expenses incurred in connection with borrowings made by the Funds), interest (including interest incurred in connection with bank and custody overdrafts), brokerage commissions expenses incurred in connection with any merger or reorganization, dividends or interest expenses on short positions, AFFE or extraordinary expenses such as litigation (collectively "Excluded Expenses")) does not exceed 1.25% of each Fund's average annual net assets through at least June 28, 2023. To the extent a Fund incurs Excluded Expenses, Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement may exceed 1.25%. The Adviser may request recoupment of previously waived fees and expenses paid from a Fund for three years from the date such fees and expenses were waived or paid, subject to the operating expense limitation agreement, if such reimbursement will not cause the Fund's expense ratio, after recoupment has been taken into account, to exceed the lesser of: (1) the expense limitation in place at the time of the waiver and/or expense payment; or (2) the expense limitation in place at the time of the recoupment. Any such reimbursement will be reviewed by the Board of Trustees. This operating expense limitation agreement may be terminated only by, or with the consent of, the Board of Trustees.

A discussion regarding the basis of the Trustees' approval of the Advisory Agreement between the Trust and the Adviser, on behalf of the Funds, is included in the Funds' semi-annual report to shareholders for the six-month period ended August 31, 2021.

The Funds, as series of the Trust, do not hold themselves out as related to any other series of the Trust for purposes of investment and investor services, nor do they share the same investment adviser with any other series of the Trust.

Portfolio Managers

The Funds are managed by a team of portfolio managers, each of whom shares equal responsibility in managing the Funds and making decisions regarding the Funds' investments. The SAI provides additional information about the portfolio managers' compensation, other accounts managed and ownership of securities in the Funds.

Douglas S. Butler, CFA[®], CFP[®]

Douglas Butler has served as Director of Research of the Adviser since 2004. Prior to joining the Adviser, Mr. Butler had a consulting business, specializing in mergers and acquisitions consulting for private manufacturing firms in the Chicago area. Prior to that, Mr. Butler was an equity portfolio manager for Sanford C. Bernstein. Mr. Butler is a CFA charter holder and has also received his designation as a Certified Financial Planner[™].

David B. Smith, CFA[®]

David Smith has worked in the investment management field since 1990. Mr. Smith joined the Adviser in 2010. As the Chief Investment Officer and Senior Portfolio Manager, he is responsible for the oversight and direction of the Adviser. He also is responsible for managing client portfolios. In this capacity, Mr. Smith is involved in performing research and setting investment policy. Prior to joining the Adviser, Mr. Smith was a founding partner, Senior Vice President and a Senior Portfolio Manager of Mellon Growth Advisors (MGA), a subsidiary of Mellon Financial Corporation. He was the lead portfolio manager for the firm's MGA Small Cap Growth, MGA Small/Mid Cap Growth, and MGA Mid Cap Growth strategies. Previously, Mr. Smith was a Principal at State Street Global Advisors (SSgA) where he led the US Small/Mid Cap Growth strategies in its Global Fundamental Strategies

group. Prior to this, he was Managing Director of real estate securities at the Tuckerman Group, SSgA's real estate subsidiary. Mr. Smith holds a B.A. in Economics from the University of Massachusetts/Amherst and a M.S. in Finance from the Sawyer School of Management at Suffolk University. He is a CFA charter holder, a member of the CFA Institute and the Boston Security Analysts Society. Mr. Smith serves on the SSgA Advisory Council and on the MSF Advisory Board for the MSF Program at the Sawyer School of Management at Suffolk University. He is also on the Board of Directors of Cardinal Cushing Centers Inc. and the Investment Committee for the South Shore Chamber of Commerce.

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Shareholder Information

Choosing a Share Class

Each Fund offers Investor Class and Institutional Class shares in this Prospectus. Investor Class shares of the Funds are not currently available for purchase. The different classes of shares represent investments in the same portfolio of securities, but the classes are subject to different expenses and may have different share prices as outlined below:

- Investor Class shares are offered for sale at NAV without the imposition of a sales charge. Investor Class shares are subject to a Rule 12b-1 distribution fee of 0.25% of the average daily net assets of a Fund attributable to Investor Class shares, computed on an annual basis.
- Institutional Class shares are offered for sale at NAV without the imposition of a sales charge or Rule 12b-1 distribution fee.

Each class of Fund shares has different expenses and distribution arrangements to provide for different investment needs. You should always discuss the suitability of your investment with your financial intermediary or financial advisor.

Share Price

The price of a Fund's shares is its NAV. The NAV is calculated by dividing the value of a Fund's total assets, less its liabilities, by the number of its shares outstanding. In calculating the NAV, portfolio securities are valued using current market values or official closing prices, if available. The NAV is calculated at the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), which is generally 4:00 p.m., Eastern time. The NAV will not be calculated on days on which the NYSE is closed for trading. If the NYSE closes early, the Funds will calculate their NAVs as of the close of trading on the NYSE on that day. If an emergency exists as permitted by the SEC, the NAV may be calculated at a different time.

Each equity security owned by a Fund, including shares of closed-end funds, that is listed on a national securities exchange, except portfolio securities listed on the NASDAQ Stock Market LLC ("NASDAQ"), is valued at its last sale price on that exchange on the close of that exchange on the date as of which assets are valued. If a security is listed on more than one exchange, the Funds will use the price on the exchange that the Fund generally considers to be the principal exchange on which the

security is traded. Portfolio securities listed on NASDAQ will be valued at the NASDAQ Official Closing Price (“NOCP”), which may not necessarily represent the last sale price. If there has been no sale on such exchange or on NASDAQ on such day, the security is valued at the mean between the most recent quoted bid and asked prices at the close of the exchange on such day the latest sales price on the “composite market” for the day such security is being valued. The composite market is defined as the consolidation of the trade information provided by national securities and foreign exchanges and over-the-counter (“OTC”) markets as published by an approved independent pricing service (“Pricing Service”).

Debt securities, including short-term instruments having a maturity of 60 days or less, are valued at the mean in accordance with prices supplied by a Pricing Service. Pricing Services may use various valuation methodologies such as the mean between the bid and ask prices, matrix pricing or other analytical pricing models as well as market transactions and dealer quotations. When the price of a debt security is not available from a Pricing Service, the most recent quotation obtained from one or more broker-dealers known to follow the issue will be obtained. Quotations will be valued at the mean between the bid and the offer. Fixed income securities purchased on a delayed-delivery basis are typically marked to market daily until settlement at the forward settlement date. Any discount or premium is accreted or amortized using the constant yield method until maturity.

Redeemable securities issued by open-end, registered investment companies are valued at the NAVs of such companies for purchase and/or redemption orders placed on that day. All exchange-traded funds are valued at the last reported sale price on the exchange on which the security is principally traded. The prospectuses of ETFs that the Funds may invest in explain the circumstances under which those ETFs will use fair value pricing and the effects of using fair value pricing. Exchange-traded options are valued at the composite price, using the National Best Bid and Offer quotes (“NBBO”). If there are no trades for the option on a given business day, composite option pricing calculates the mean of the highest bid price and lowest ask price across the exchanges where the option is traded.

Option contracts on securities, currencies and other financial instruments traded in the OTC market with less than 180 days remaining until their expiration shall be valued at the evaluated price provided by the broker-dealer with which the option was traded. Option contracts on securities, currencies and other financial instruments traded in the OTC market with 180 days or more remaining until their expiration shall be valued at the prices provided by a recognized independent broker-dealer.

Futures contracts and options thereon traded are valued at the settlement price at the close of trading on such exchange or board of trade.

If market quotations are not readily available or deemed unreliable, a security or other asset will be valued at its fair value as determined under fair value pricing procedures approved by the Board of Trustees. These fair value pricing procedures will also be used to price a security when corporate events, events in the securities market and/or world events cause the Adviser to believe that the security’s last sale price may not reflect its actual fair market value. The intended effect of using fair value pricing procedures is to ensure that Fund shares are accurately priced. The Board of Trustees will regularly evaluate whether the Funds’ fair value pricing procedures continue to be appropriate in light of the specific circumstances of the Funds and the quality of prices obtained through the application of the procedures by the Trust’s Valuation Committee.

When fair value pricing is employed, the prices of securities used by a Fund to calculate its NAV may differ from quoted or published prices for the same securities. Due to the subjective and variable nature of fair value pricing, it is possible that the fair value determined for a particular security may be materially different (higher or lower) from the price of the security quoted or published by others or the value when trading resumes or is realized upon sale. Therefore, if a shareholder purchases or redeems Fund shares when it holds securities priced at a fair value, the number of shares purchased or redeemed

may be higher or lower than it would be if the Fund were using market-value pricing. The Adviser anticipates that the Funds' portfolio holdings will be fair valued only if market quotations for those holdings are not readily available considered unreliable.

The SEC has adopted Rule 2a-5 under the 1940 Act, which, among other things, establishes an updated regulatory framework for registered investment company valuation practices. The compliance date for Rule 2a-5 is September 8, 2022. The Trust's fair value policies and procedures and valuation practices may be subject to change as a result of new Rule 2a-5.

In the case of foreign securities, the occurrence of certain events after the close of foreign markets, but prior to the time a Fund's NAV is calculated (such as a significant surge or decline in the U.S. or other markets) often will result in an adjustment to the trading prices of foreign securities when foreign markets open on the following business day. If such events occur, a Fund will value foreign securities at fair value using prices supplied by a Pricing Service, taking into account such events, in calculating the NAV. In such cases, use of fair valuation can reduce an investor's ability to seek to profit by estimating a Fund's NAV in advance of the time the NAV is calculated. In the event a Fund holds portfolio securities that trade in foreign markets or that are primarily listed on foreign exchanges that trade on weekends or other days when the Funds do not price their shares, a Fund's NAV may change on days when shareholders will not be able to purchase or redeem the Funds' shares.

How to Purchase Shares

All purchase requests received in good order by the Funds' transfer agent, U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC (the "Transfer Agent"), or by an authorized financial intermediary (an "Authorized Intermediary," as defined below) before the close of the NYSE (generally 4:00 p.m., Eastern time) will be processed at that day's NAV per share. Purchase requests received by the Transfer Agent or an Authorized Intermediary after the close of the NYSE (generally 4:00 p.m., Eastern time) will receive the next business day's NAV per share. An Authorized Intermediary is a financial intermediary (or its authorized designee) that has made arrangements with a Fund to receive purchase and redemption orders on its behalf. For additional information about purchasing shares through financial intermediaries, please see "Purchasing Shares Through a Financial Intermediary," below.

All account applications (each an "Account Application") to purchase Fund shares are subject to acceptance by the Funds and are not binding until so accepted. It is the policy of the Funds not to accept Account Applications under certain circumstances or in amounts considered disadvantageous to shareholders. The Funds reserve the right to reject any Account Application. Your order will not be accepted until a completed Account Application is received by the Funds or the Transfer Agent.

The Funds reserve the right to reject any purchase order or suspend the offering of shares if, in their discretion, it is in the Funds' best interest to do so. For example, a purchase order may be refused if it appears so large that it would disrupt the management of a Fund. Purchases may also be rejected from persons believed to be "market-timers," as described under the section entitled "Tools to Combat Frequent Transactions," below. In addition, a service fee, which is currently \$25, as well as any loss sustained by a Fund, will be deducted from a shareholder's account for any payment that is returned to the Transfer Agent unpaid. Written notice of a rejected purchase order will be provided to the investor within one or two business days under normal circumstances. The Funds and the Transfer Agent will not be responsible for any losses, liability, cost or expense resulting from rejecting any purchase order. Your order will not be accepted until a completed Account Application is received by the Funds or the Transfer Agent.

Shares of the Funds have not been registered for sale outside of the United States. The Funds generally do not sell shares to investors residing outside the United States, even if they are United States citizens or lawful permanent residents, except to investors with United States military APO or FPO addresses.

<u>Minimum Investment Amounts</u>	<u>Investor Class</u>	<u>Institutional Class</u>
Minimum Initial Investment	\$5,000	\$100,000
Subsequent Investments	\$1,000	\$5,000

The Funds reserve the right to waive the minimum initial investment or minimum subsequent investment amounts at their discretion. Shareholders will be given at least 30 days' written notice of any increase in the minimum dollar amount of initial or subsequent investments. The minimum investment may be modified for certain financial intermediaries that submit trades on behalf of underlying investors. Certain intermediaries also may have investment minimums, which may differ from the Funds' minimums, and may be waived at the intermediaries' discretion. For accounts sold through financial intermediaries, it is the primary responsibility of the financial intermediary to ensure compliance with investment minimums.

Purchase Requests Must be Received in Good Order

Your share price will be the next NAV per share calculated after the Transfer Agent or your Authorized Intermediary receives your purchase request in good order. For purchases made through the Transfer Agent, "good order" means that your purchase request includes:

- the name of the Fund in which you are investing;
- the dollar amount of shares to be purchased;
- your Account Application or investment stub; and
- a check payable to the name of the Fund in which you are investing.

For more information about your financial intermediary's requirements for purchases in good order, please contact your financial intermediary.

Purchase by Mail. To purchase Fund shares by mail, simply complete and sign the Account Application and mail it, together with your check made payable to the Fund in which you are investing, to one of the addresses below. To make additional investments once you have opened your account, write your account number on the check and send it together with the Invest by Mail form from your most recent confirmation statement received from the Transfer Agent. If you do not have the Invest by Mail form, include the Fund name and your name, address, and account number on a separate piece of paper and mail it along with your check made payable to:

Regular Mail

Bright Rock Funds
 c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services
 P.O. Box 701
 Milwaukee, WI 53201-0701

Overnight or Express Mail

Bright Rock Funds
 c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services
 615 East Michigan Street, 3rd Floor
 Milwaukee, WI 53202

The Funds do not consider the U.S. Postal Service or other independent delivery services to be their agents. Therefore, deposit in the mail or with such services, or receipt at the Transfer Agent's post office box, of purchase orders or redemption requests does not constitute receipt by the Transfer Agent. Receipt of purchase orders or redemption requests is based on when the order is received at the Transfer Agent's offices. All purchase checks must be in U.S. dollars drawn on a domestic financial institution. The Funds will not accept payment in cash or money orders. To prevent check fraud, the Funds will not

accept third party checks, Treasury checks, credit card checks, traveler's checks or starter checks for the purchase of shares. The Funds are unable to accept post-dated checks or any conditional order or payment.

Purchase by Wire. If you are making your first investment in the Funds through a wire purchase, the Transfer Agent must have a completed Account Application before you wire funds. You can mail or use an overnight service to deliver your Account Application to the Transfer Agent at the above address. Upon receipt of your completed Account Application, the Transfer Agent will establish an account for you. Once your account has been established, you may instruct your bank to send the wire. Prior to sending the wire, please call the Transfer Agent at 1-866-273-7223 to advise them of the wire and to ensure proper credit upon receipt. Your bank must include the name of the Fund in which you are investing, your name and your account number so that monies can be correctly applied. Your bank should transmit immediately available funds by wire to:

Wire to:	U.S. Bank National Association 777 East Wisconsin Avenue Milwaukee, WI 53202
ABA Number:	75000022
Credit:	U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC
Account:	112-952-137
Further Credit:	(Name of the Fund in which you are investing) (Shareholder Name/Account Registration) (Shareholder Account Number)

Wired funds must be received prior to the close of the NYSE (generally 4:00 p.m., Eastern time) to be eligible for same day pricing. The Funds and U.S. Bank National Association, the Funds' custodian, are not responsible for the consequences of delays resulting from the banking or Federal Reserve wire system, or from incomplete wiring instructions.

Investing by Telephone. Telephone purchase privileges are automatically provided unless you specifically decline the option on your Account Application. If your account has been open for at least 7 business days, you may purchase additional shares by calling the Funds toll free at 1-866-273-7223. You must also have submitted a voided check or a savings deposit slip to have banking information established on your account. This option allows investors to move money from their bank account to their Fund account upon request. Only bank accounts held at domestic financial institutions that are Automated Clearing House ("ACH") members may be used for telephone transactions. The minimum telephone purchase amount for subsequent investments in Institutional Class shares and Investor Class shares is \$5,000 and \$1,000, respectively. If your order is received by the Transfer Agent prior to the close of the NYSE (generally 4:00 p.m., Eastern time), shares will be purchased in your account at the applicable price determined on the day your order is placed. During periods of high market activity, shareholders may encounter higher than usual call waiting times. Please allow sufficient time to place your telephone transaction.

Automatic Investment Plan. For your convenience, the Funds offer an Automatic Investment Plan ("AIP"). Under the AIP, after your initial investment, you may authorize the Funds to withdraw automatically from your personal checking or savings account an amount that you wish to invest, which must be at least \$100 on a monthly or quarterly basis. In order to participate in the AIP, your bank must be a member of the ACH network. If you wish to enroll in the AIP, complete the appropriate section in the Account Application. The Funds may terminate or modify this privilege at any time. You may

terminate your participation in the AIP at any time by notifying the Transfer Agent five days prior to the effective date. A \$25 fee will be charged if your bank does not honor the AIP draft for any reason.

Purchasing Shares Through a Financial Intermediary. Investors may be charged a fee if they effect transactions through a financial intermediary. If you are purchasing shares through a financial intermediary, you must follow the procedures established by your financial intermediary. Your financial intermediary is responsible for sending your purchase order and wiring payment to the Transfer Agent. Your financial intermediary holds the shares in your name and receives all confirmations of purchases and sales. Financial intermediaries placing orders for themselves or on behalf of their customers should call the Funds toll free at 1-866-273-7223, or follow the instructions listed in the sections above entitled “Investing by Telephone,” “Purchase by Mail” and “Purchase by Wire.”

If you place an order for the Funds’ shares through a financial intermediary that is not an Authorized Intermediary in accordance with such financial intermediary’s procedures, and such financial intermediary then transmits your order to the Transfer Agent in accordance with the Transfer Agent’s instructions, your purchase will be processed at the next calculated NAV after the Transfer Agent receives your order. The financial intermediary must promise to send to the Transfer Agent immediately available funds in the amount of the purchase price in accordance with the Transfer Agent’s procedures. If payment is not received within the time specified, the Transfer Agent may rescind the transaction and the financial intermediary will be held liable for any resulting fees or losses.

In the case of Authorized Intermediaries that have made satisfactory payment or redemption arrangements with the Funds, orders will be processed at the next calculated NAV after receipt in good order by the Authorized Intermediary (or its authorized designee), consistent with applicable laws and regulations. An order is deemed to be received when a Fund or an Authorized Intermediary accepts the order. Authorized Intermediaries may be authorized to designate other intermediaries to receive purchase and redemption requests on behalf of the Funds.

For more information about your financial intermediary’s rules and procedures, whether your financial intermediary is an Authorized Intermediary, and whether your financial intermediary imposes cut-off times for the receipt of orders that are earlier than the cut-off times established by the Funds, you should consult your financial intermediary directly.

Anti-Money Laundering Program. The Trust has established an Anti-Money Laundering Compliance Program (the “Program”) as required by the Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act of 2001 (the “USA PATRIOT Act”) and related anti-money laundering laws and regulations. To ensure compliance with these laws, the Account Application asks for, among other things, the following information for all “customers” seeking to open an “account” (as those terms are defined in rules adopted pursuant to the USA PATRIOT Act):

- full name;
- date of birth (individuals only);
- Social Security or taxpayer identification number; and
- permanent street address (a P.O. Box number alone is not acceptable).

If you are opening an account in the name of a legal entity (e.g., a partnership, limited liability company, business trust, corporation, etc.), you must also supply the identity of the beneficial owners of the legal entity. Accounts opened by entities, such as corporations, limited liability companies, partnerships or trusts, will require additional documentation.

If any information listed above is missing, your Account Application will be returned and your account will not be opened. In compliance with the USA PATRIOT Act and other applicable anti-money laundering laws and regulations, the Transfer Agent will verify the information on your application. The Funds reserve the right to request additional clarifying information and may close your account and redeem your shares at the next computed NAV if such clarifying information is not received by the Funds within a reasonable time of the request or if the Funds cannot form a reasonable belief as to the true identity of a customer. In the rare event that the Funds are unable to verify your identity, the Funds reserve the right to redeem your account at the current day's NAV. If you require additional assistance when completing your application, please contact the Transfer Agent at 1-866-273-7223.

How to Redeem Shares

Orders to sell or "redeem" shares may be placed directly with the Funds or through an Authorized Intermediary. If you originally purchased your shares through a financial intermediary, including an Authorized Intermediary, your redemption order must be placed with the same financial intermediary in accordance with the procedures established by that financial intermediary. Your financial intermediary is responsible for sending your order to the Transfer Agent and for crediting your account with the proceeds. You may redeem Fund shares on any business day that the applicable Fund calculates its NAV. To redeem shares directly with the Funds, you must contact the Funds either by mail or by telephone to place a redemption request. Shares of the Funds are redeemed at the next calculated NAV after the Funds have received your redemption request in good order. Your redemption request must be received in good order (as discussed under "Payment of Redemption Proceeds," below) prior to the close of the regular trading session of the NYSE (generally 4:00 p.m., Eastern time) by the Transfer Agent or by your Authorized Intermediary. Redemption requests received by the Transfer Agent or an Authorized Intermediary after the close of the NYSE will be treated as though received on the next business day.

Shareholders who hold their shares through an IRA or other retirement plan must indicate on their written redemption request whether or not to withhold federal income tax. Redemption requests failing to indicate an election not to have tax withheld will generally be subject to 10% withholding. Shares held in IRA or other retirement plan accounts may be redeemed by telephone at 1-866-273-7223. Investors will be asked whether or not to withhold taxes from any distribution.

Payment of Redemption Proceeds. You may redeem your Fund shares at the NAV per share next determined after the Transfer Agent or your Authorized Intermediary receives your redemption request in good order. Your redemption request cannot be processed on days the NYSE is closed. All requests received by the Transfer Agent or your Authorized Intermediary in good order before the close of the regular trading session of the NYSE (generally 4:00 p.m., Eastern time) will usually be sent one to three business days following the receipt of your redemption request.

A redemption request made through the Transfer Agent will be deemed in "good order" if it includes:

- the shareholder's name;
- the name of the Fund and share class you are redeeming shares from;
- the account number;
- the share or dollar amount to be redeemed; and
- signatures by all shareholders on the account and signature guarantee(s), if applicable.

The Funds reserve the right to change the requirements of "good order." Shareholders will be given advance notice if the requirements of "good order" change. For more information about your financial

intermediary's requirements for redemption requests in "good order", please contact your financial intermediary.

You may receive proceeds of your sale by a check sent to the address of record, electronically via the ACH network using the previously established bank instructions or via federal wire transfer to your pre-established bank account. The Funds typically expect that it will take one to three days following the receipt of your redemption request to pay out redemption proceeds, regardless of whether the redemption proceeds are paid by check, ACH transfer or wire. Please note that wires are subject to a \$15 fee. There is no charge to have proceeds sent via ACH; however, funds are typically credited to your bank within two to three days after redemption. Proceeds will be processed within seven calendar days after the Funds receive your redemption request, unless the Funds have suspended your right of redemption or postponed the payment date as permitted under the federal securities laws. The Funds may delay paying redemption proceeds for up to seven calendar days after receiving a request if an earlier payment could adversely affect the Funds.

The Funds typically expect they will hold cash or cash equivalents to meet redemption requests. The Funds may also use the proceeds from the sale of portfolio securities to meet redemption requests if consistent with the management of the Funds. These redemption methods will be used regularly under normal conditions and may also be used during periods of stressed market conditions.

If the Transfer Agent has not yet collected payment for recently purchased shares that you are selling, it may delay sending the proceeds until the payment is collected, which may take up to 12 calendar days from the purchase date or until your payment has cleared. This delay will not apply if you purchased your shares via wire payment. Furthermore, there are certain times when you may be unable to sell Fund shares or receive proceeds. Specifically, the Funds may suspend the right to redeem shares or postpone the date of payment upon redemption for more than seven calendar days as determined by the SEC: (1) for any period during which the NYSE is closed (other than customary weekend or holiday closings) or trading on the NYSE is restricted; (2) for any period during which an emergency exists as a result of which disposal by a Fund of securities owned by it is not reasonably practicable or it is not reasonably practicable for a Fund to fairly determine the value of its net assets; or (3) for such other periods as the SEC may permit for the protection of shareholders. Your ability to redeem shares online or by telephone may be delayed or restricted after you change your address. You may change your address at any time by telephone or written request, addressed to the Transfer Agent. Confirmations of address changes will be sent to both your old and new address. Redemption proceeds will be sent to the address of record. The Funds will not be responsible for interest lost on redemption amounts due to lost or misdirected mail.

Redemption In-Kind. The Funds generally pay redemption proceeds in cash. However, the Trust, on behalf of the Funds, has filed a notice of election under Rule 18f-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act") with the SEC, under which the Trust, on behalf of the Funds, has reserved the right for a Fund to redeem in-kind under certain circumstances, meaning that redemption proceeds are paid in liquid securities with a market value equal to the redemption price. If a Fund pays your redemption proceeds by a distribution of securities, you could incur brokerage or order charges when converting securities to cash. These securities redeemed in-kind remain subject to general market risks until sold. For federal income tax purposes, redemptions in-kind are taxed in the same manner to a redeeming shareholder as redemptions made in cash. In addition, sales of such in-kind securities may generate taxable gains.

Redemptions in-kind are typically used to meet redemption requests that represent a large percentage of a Fund's net assets in order to minimize the effect of large redemptions on the Fund and its remaining shareholders. Redemptions in-kind may be used in circumstances as described above, and may also be

used in stressed market conditions. The Funds have in place a line of credit that may be used to meet redemption requests during stressed market conditions.

Redemption in-kind proceeds are limited to securities that are traded on a public securities market or for which quoted bid prices are available. In the unlikely event that the Funds redeem shares in-kind, the procedures utilized by the Funds to determine the securities to be distributed to redeeming shareholders will generally be representative of a shareholder's interest in a Fund's portfolio securities. However, the Funds may also redeem in-kind using individual securities as circumstances dictate.

Signature Guarantees. The Transfer Agent may require a signature guarantee for certain redemption requests. Signature guarantees can be obtained from domestic banks, brokers, dealers, credit unions, national securities exchanges, registered securities associations, clearing agencies and savings associations, as well as from participants in the New York Stock Exchange Medallion Signature Program and the Securities Transfer Agents Medallion Program ("STAMP"), but not from a notary public. A signature guarantee, from either a Medallion program member or a non-Medallion program member, of each owner is required in the following situations:

- if ownership is being changed on your account;
- when redemption proceeds are payable or sent to any person, address or bank account not on record;
- when a redemption request is received by the Transfer Agent and the account address has changed within the last 15 calendar days; or
- for all redemptions in excess of \$100,000 from any shareholder account.

Non-financial transactions, including establishing or modifying certain services on an account, may require a signature guarantee, signature verification from a Signature Validation Program member, or other acceptable form of authentication from a financial institution source.

In addition to the situations described above, the Funds and/or the Transfer Agent reserve the right to require a signature guarantee or other acceptable signature verification in other instances based on the circumstances relative to the particular situation.

Redemption by Mail. You can execute most redemptions by furnishing an unconditional written request to the Funds to redeem your shares at the current NAV per share. Redemption requests in writing should be sent to the Transfer Agent at:

Regular Mail

Bright Rock Funds
c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services
P.O. Box 701
Milwaukee, WI 53201-0701

Overnight or Express Mail

Bright Rock Funds
c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services
615 East Michigan Street, 3rd Floor
Milwaukee, WI 53202

The Funds do not consider the U.S. Postal Service or other independent delivery services to be their agents. Therefore, deposit in the mail or with such services, or receipt at the U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC post office box, of purchase orders or redemption requests does not constitute receipt by the Transfer Agent. Receipt of purchase orders or redemption requests is based on when the order is received at the Transfer Agent's offices.

Telephone Redemption. Telephone redemption privileges are automatically provided unless you specifically decline the option on your Account Application. You may redeem shares, in amounts of \$100,000 or less, by instructing the Funds by telephone at 1-866-273-7223. A signature verification from a Signature Validation Program member or other acceptable form of authentication from a

financial intermediary source may be required of all shareholders in order to qualify for or to change telephone redemption privileges on an existing account. Telephone redemptions cannot be made if you have notified the Transfer Agent of a change of address within 15 calendar days before the redemption request. Once a telephone transaction has been placed, it may not be cancelled or modified after the close of regular trading on the NYSE (generally, 4:00 p.m., Eastern time). If an account has more than one owner or authorized person, the Funds will accept telephone instructions from any one owner or authorized person. All telephone calls will be recorded for your protection. Written confirmations will be provided for all purchase and redemption transactions initiated by telephone.

Wire Redemption. Wire transfers may be arranged to redeem shares. The Transfer Agent charges a fee, currently \$15, per wire redemption against your account on dollar specific trades, and from proceeds on complete redemptions and share-specific trades. There is no such charge to have proceeds sent via ACH.

Systematic Withdrawal Program (“SWP”). The Funds offer a SWP whereby shareholders or their representatives may request a redemption in a specific dollar amount be sent to them each month, calendar quarter or annually. Investors may choose to have a check sent to the address of record, or proceeds may be sent to a pre-designated bank account via the ACH network. To start this program, your account must have Fund shares with a value of at least \$10,000, and the minimum amount that may be withdrawn each month or quarter is \$100. This program may be modified by the Funds at any time. You may terminate your participation in the SWP at any time in writing or by telephoning the Transfer Agent no later than five days before the next scheduled withdrawal. A withdrawal under the SWP involves a redemption of Fund shares, and may result in a taxable capital gain or loss for federal income tax purposes. In addition, if the amount withdrawn exceeds the amounts credited to your account, the account ultimately may be depleted. To establish the SWP, complete the SWP section of the Account Application. Please call 1-866-273-7223 for additional information regarding the SWP.

The Funds’ Right to Redeem an Account. The Funds reserve the right to redeem the shares of any shareholder whose account balance is less than \$2,500, other than as a result of a decline in the NAV of a Fund or for market reasons. The Funds will provide a shareholder with written notice 30 days prior to redeeming the shareholder’s account. Redemption of a shareholder’s account by the Funds may result in a taxable capital gain or loss for federal income tax purposes.

Exchanging Shares

You may exchange all or a portion of your investment from one Fund in the Bright Rock Fund Family to an identically registered account in the same share class of another Fund in the Bright Rock Fund Family. Any new account established through an exchange will be subject to the minimum investment requirements described above under “How to Purchase Shares”, unless that account qualifies for a waiver of the initial investment requirement. Exchanges will be executed on the basis of the relative NAV of the shares exchanged. An exchange is considered to be a sale of shares for federal income tax purposes which may result in a taxable capital gain or loss. Call the Funds (toll-free) at 1-866-273-7223 to learn more about exchanges.

Tools to Combat Frequent Transactions

The Funds are intended for long-term investors. Short-term “market-timers” who engage in frequent purchases and redemptions may disrupt a Fund’s investment program and create additional transaction costs that are borne by all of a Fund’s shareholders. The Board of Trustees has adopted policies and procedures that are designed to discourage excessive, short-term trading and other abusive trading practices that may disrupt portfolio management strategies and harm performance. The Funds take

steps to reduce the frequency and effect of these activities in the Funds. These steps may include, among other things, monitoring trading activity and using fair value pricing, as determined by the Board of Trustees, when the Adviser determines current market prices are not readily available. Although these efforts are designed to discourage abusive trading practices, these tools cannot eliminate the possibility that such activity will occur. The Funds seek to exercise their judgment in implementing these tools to the best of their ability in a manner that they believe is consistent with shareholder interests. Except as noted herein, the Funds will apply all restrictions uniformly in all applicable cases.

Monitoring Trading Practices. The Funds monitor selected trades in an effort to detect short-term trading activities. Short-term trading occurs when an investor (through one or more accounts) makes more than one round-trip (a purchase into a fund followed by a redemption) within a short period of time. Investors are limited to no more than four round-trip transactions in a 12-month period after which time future purchases into the Funds will be restricted. If, as a result of this monitoring, the Funds believe that an investor has engaged in excessive short-term trading, they may, in their discretion, ask the shareholder to stop such activities or refuse to process purchases in the shareholder's accounts. In making such judgments, the Funds seek to act in a manner that they believe is consistent with the best interests of shareholders.

Due to the complexity and subjectivity involved in identifying abusive trading activity and the volume of shareholder transactions the Funds handle, there can be no assurance that the Funds' efforts will identify all trades or trading practices that may be considered abusive. In particular, since the Funds receive purchase and sale orders through Authorized Intermediaries that use group or omnibus accounts, the Funds cannot always detect frequent trading. However, the Funds will work with Authorized Intermediaries as necessary to discourage shareholders from engaging in abusive trading practices and to impose restrictions on excessive trades. In this regard, the Funds have entered into information sharing agreements with Authorized Intermediaries pursuant to which these intermediaries are required to provide to the Funds, at the Funds' request, certain information relating to their customers investing in the Funds through non-disclosed or omnibus accounts. The Funds will use this information to attempt to identify abusive trading practices. Authorized Intermediaries are contractually required to follow any instructions from the Funds to restrict or prohibit future purchases from shareholders that are found to have engaged in abusive trading in violation of the Funds' policies. However, the Funds cannot guarantee the accuracy of the information provided to them from Authorized Intermediaries and cannot ensure that they will always be able to detect abusive trading practices that occur through non-disclosed and omnibus accounts. As a result, the Funds' ability to monitor and discourage abusive trading practices in non-disclosed or omnibus accounts may be limited.

Fair Value Pricing. The Funds employ fair value pricing selectively to ensure greater accuracy in their daily NAVs and to prevent dilution by frequent traders or market timers who seek to take advantage of temporary market anomalies. The Board of Trustees has developed procedures which utilize fair value pricing when reliable market quotations are not readily available or the Funds' Pricing Service does not provide a valuation (or provides a valuation that, in the judgment of the Adviser, does not represent the security's fair value), or when, in the judgment of the Adviser, events have rendered the market value unreliable. Valuing securities at fair value involves reliance on judgment. Fair value determinations are made in good faith in accordance with procedures adopted by the Board of Trustees. There can be no assurance that a Fund will obtain the fair value assigned to a security if it were to sell the security at approximately the time at which a Fund determines its NAV per share. More detailed information regarding fair value pricing and changes to the Funds' fair value pricing procedures can be found in this Prospectus under the heading entitled "Share Price."

Other Fund Policies

Telephone Transactions. If you have not declined telephone privileges on the Account Application or in a letter to the Funds, you may be responsible for any fraudulent telephone orders as long as the Funds have taken reasonable precautions to verify your identity. In addition, once you place a telephone transaction request, it cannot be canceled or modified after the close of regular trading on the NYSE (generally, 4:00 p.m., Eastern time).

During periods of significant economic or market change, telephone transactions may be difficult to complete. If you are unable to contact the Funds by telephone, you may also mail the requests to the Funds at the address listed previously in the section entitled “How to Purchase Shares” above. Neither the Funds nor the Transfer Agent are liable for any loss incurred due to failure to complete a telephone transaction prior to the close of the NYSE (generally 4:00 p.m., Eastern time).

Telephone trades must be received by or prior to the close of the NYSE (generally 4:00 p.m., Eastern time). During periods of high market activity, shareholders may encounter higher than usual call waiting times. Please allow sufficient time to ensure that you will be able to complete your telephone transaction prior to the close of the NYSE. The Funds are not responsible for delays due to communications or transmission outages subject to applicable law.

Neither the Funds nor any of their service providers will be liable for any loss or expense in acting upon instructions that are reasonably believed to be genuine subject to applicable law. If an account has more than one owner or authorized person, the Funds will accept telephone instructions from any one owner or authorized person. To confirm that all telephone instructions are genuine, the Funds will use reasonable procedures, such as requesting that you correctly state:

- your Fund account number;
- the name in which your account is registered; or
- the Social Security or taxpayer identification number under which the account is registered.

Policies of Authorized Intermediaries. An Authorized Intermediary or its designee may establish policies that differ from those of the Funds. For example, the intermediary may charge transaction fees, set higher minimum investments or impose certain limitations on buying or selling shares in addition to those identified in this Prospectus. Please contact your financial intermediary for details.

Closure of a Fund. The Adviser retains the right to close the Funds (or partially close the Funds) to new purchases if it is determined to be in the best interest of shareholders. Based on market and Fund conditions, the Adviser may decide to close a Fund to new investors, all investors or certain classes of investors (such as Fund supermarkets) at any time. If a Fund is closed to new purchases it will continue to honor redemption requests, unless the right to redeem shares has been temporarily suspended as permitted by federal law.

Householding. In an effort to decrease costs, the Funds intend to reduce the number of duplicate prospectuses, supplements and certain other shareholder documents you receive by sending only one copy of each to those addresses shared by two or more accounts and to shareholders the Funds reasonably believe are from the same family or household. If you would like to discontinue householding for your accounts, please call toll-free at 1-866-273-7223 to request individual copies of these documents or if your shares are held through an Authorized Intermediary, please contact them directly. Once the Funds receive notice to stop householding, the Funds will begin sending individual copies within 30 days after receiving your request. This policy does not apply to account statements.

Lost Shareholders, Inactive Accounts and Unclaimed Property. It is important that the Funds maintain a correct address for each shareholder. An incorrect address may cause a shareholder’s account statements and other mailings to be returned to the Funds. Based upon statutory requirements for

returned mail, the Funds will attempt to locate the shareholder or rightful owner of the account. If the Funds are unable to locate the shareholder, then they will determine whether the shareholder's account can legally be considered abandoned. Your mutual fund account may be transferred to the state government of your state of residence if no activity occurs within your account during the "inactivity period" specified in your state's abandoned property laws. The Funds are legally obligated to escheat (or transfer) abandoned property to the appropriate state's unclaimed property administrator in accordance with statutory requirements. The shareholder's last known address of record determines which state has jurisdiction. Please proactively contact the Transfer Agent toll-free at 1-866-273-7223 at least annually to ensure your account remains in active status.

If you are a resident of the state of Texas, you may designate a representative to receive notifications that, due to inactivity, your mutual fund account assets may be delivered to the Texas Comptroller. Please contact the Transfer Agent if you wish to complete a Texas Designation of Representative form.

IRA Accounts. IRA accounts will be charged a \$15.00 annual maintenance fee.

Distribution of Fund Shares

The Distributor

The Trust has entered into a Distribution Agreement (the "Distribution Agreement") with Quasar Distributors, LLC (the "Distributor"), located at 111 East Kilbourn Avenue, Suite 2200, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202, pursuant to which the Distributor acts as the Funds' principal underwriter, provides certain administration services and promotes and arranges for the sale of the Funds' shares. The offering of the Funds' shares is continuous, and the Distributor distributes the Funds' shares on a best efforts basis. The Distributor is not obligated to sell any certain number of shares of the Fund. The Distributor is a registered broker-dealer and member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc.

Distribution (Rule 12b-1) and Shareholder Servicing Plans

The Funds have adopted a Distribution and Shareholder Servicing Plan pursuant to Rule 12b-1 (the "Plan") under the 1940 Act. Under the Plan, the Funds are authorized to pay the Distributor a Rule 12b-1 fee for the sale and distribution of the Funds' Investor Class shares and services it provides to Investor Class shareholders. The maximum amount of the Rule 12b-1 fee authorized is 0.25% of a Fund's average daily net assets attributable to Investor Class shares annually. Because these fees are paid out of each Fund's assets attributable to Investor Class shares on an on-going basis, over time these fees will increase the cost of your investment in Investor Class shares of the Funds and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges. Investor Class shares of the Funds are not currently offered for purchase. Institutional Class shares of the Funds are not subject to a Rule 12b-1 distribution or shareholder servicing fee.

Payments to Financial Intermediaries

The Funds may pay fees to intermediaries such as banks, broker-dealers, financial advisers or other financial institutions, including affiliates of the Adviser, for recordkeeping, sub-administration, sub-accounting, sub-transfer agency and other shareholder services (collectively, "sub-TA services") associated with shareholders whose shares are held of record in omnibus and networked accounts, retirement plans, other group accounts or accounts traded through registered securities clearing agents in lieu of the transfer agent providing such services.

The Adviser, out of its own resources and legitimate profits and without additional cost to the Funds or their shareholders, may provide additional cash payments to certain intermediaries. These payments, sometimes referred to as revenue sharing, are in addition to Rule 12b-1 fees and sub-TA fees paid by the Funds, if any. Revenue sharing payments may be made to intermediaries for sub-TA services or distribution-related services, such as marketing support; access to third party platforms; access to sales meetings, sales representatives and management representatives of the intermediary; and inclusion of the Funds on a sales list, including a preferred or select sales list, and in other sales programs. The Adviser may also pay cash compensation in the form of finder's fees that vary depending on the dollar amount of the shares sold. From time to time, and in accordance with applicable rules and regulations, the Adviser may also provide non-cash compensation to representatives of various intermediaries who sell Fund shares or provide services to Fund shareholders.

Distributions and Taxes

Distributions

The Mid Cap Growth Fund will make distributions of net investment income and net capital gain, if any, at least annually, typically during the month of December. The Quality Large Cap Fund will make distributions of net investment income, if any, at least quarterly, and net capital gain, if any, at least annually. The Funds may make additional distributions if deemed to be desirable at another time during the year.

All distributions will be reinvested in additional shares of the distributing Fund unless you choose one of the following options: (1) receive distributions of net capital gain in cash, while reinvesting net investment income distributions in additional Fund shares; (2) receive all distributions in cash; or (3) reinvest net capital gain distributions in additional Fund shares, while receiving distributions of net investment income in cash.

If you wish to change your distribution option, write to or call the Transfer Agent in advance of the payment date of the distribution. However, any such change will be effective only as to distributions for which the record date is five or more calendar days after the Transfer Agent has received the request.

If you elect to receive distributions in cash and the U.S. Postal Service is unable to deliver your check, or if the check remains uncashed for six months, each Fund reserves the right to reinvest the distribution check in your account at such Fund's then current NAV per share and to reinvest all subsequent distributions.

Federal Income Tax Consequences

Changes in income tax laws, potentially with retroactive effect, could impact the Funds' investments or the tax consequences to you of investing in the Funds. Some of the changes could affect the timing, amount and tax treatment of a Fund's distributions made to shareholders. Please consult your tax advisor before investing.

Distributions of the Funds' investment company taxable income (which includes, but is not limited to, interest, dividends, net short-term capital gain and net gain from foreign currency transactions), if any, are generally taxable to the Funds' shareholders as ordinary income. For a non-corporate shareholder, to the extent that a Fund's distributions of investment company taxable income are attributable to and

reported as “qualified dividend” income, such income may be subject to tax at the reduced federal income tax rates applicable to net long-term capital gain, if certain holding period requirements have been satisfied by the shareholder. For a corporate shareholder, a portion of a Fund’s distributions of investment company taxable income may qualify for the intercorporate dividends-received deduction to the extent the Fund receives dividends directly or indirectly from U.S. corporations, reports the amount distributed as eligible for the deduction and the corporate shareholder meets certain holding period requirements with respect to its shares. To the extent that a Fund’s distributions of investment company taxable income are attributable to net short-term capital gain, such distributions will be treated as ordinary income and cannot generally be offset by a shareholder’s capital losses from other investments.

Distributions of a Fund’s net capital gain (net long-term capital gain less net short-term capital loss) are generally taxable to such Fund’s shareholders as long-term capital gain regardless of the length of time that a shareholder has owned Fund shares. Distributions of net capital gain are not eligible for qualified dividend income treatment or the dividends-received deduction referred to above.

You will be taxed in the same manner whether you receive your distributions (of investment company taxable income or net capital gain) in cash or reinvest them in additional Fund shares. Distributions are generally taxable when received. However, distributions declared in October, November or December to shareholders of record and paid the following January are taxable as if received on December 31.

In addition to the federal income tax, certain individuals, trusts and estates may be subject to a Net investment income (“NII”) tax of 3.8%. The NII tax is imposed on the lesser of: (i) the taxpayer’s investment income, net of deductions properly allocable to such income; or (ii) the amount by which such taxpayer’s modified adjusted gross income exceeds certain thresholds (\$250,000 for married individuals filing jointly, \$200,000 for unmarried individuals and \$125,000 for married individuals filing separately). The Funds’ distributions are includable in a shareholder’s investment income for purposes of this NII tax. In addition, any capital gain realized by a shareholder upon a sale, exchange or redemption of Fund shares is includable in such shareholder’s investment income for purposes of this NII tax.

Shareholders who sell, exchange or redeem shares generally will have a capital gain or loss from the sale, exchange or redemption. The amount of the gain or loss and the applicable rate of federal income tax will depend generally upon the amount paid for the shares, the amount received from the sale, exchange or redemption (including in-kind redemptions) and how long the shares were held by a shareholder. Gain or loss realized upon a sale, exchange or redemption of Fund shares will generally be treated as a long-term capital gain or loss if the shares have been held for more than one year and, if held for one year or less, as a short-term capital gain or loss. Any loss arising from the sale, exchange or redemption of shares held for six months or less, however, is treated as a long-term capital loss to the extent of any distributions of net capital gain received or deemed to be received with respect to such shares. In determining the holding period of such shares for this purpose, any period during which your risk of loss is offset by means of options, short sales or similar transactions is not counted. If you purchase a Fund’s shares (through reinvestment of distributions or otherwise) within 30 days before or after selling, exchanging or redeeming such Fund’s shares at a loss, all or part of that loss will not be deductible and will instead increase the basis of the new shares.

If more than 50% of the value of a Fund’s total assets at the close of its taxable year consists of stock and securities in foreign corporations, the Fund will be eligible to, and may, file an election with the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) that would enable the Fund’s shareholders, in effect, to receive the benefit of the foreign tax credit with respect to any income taxes paid by the Fund to foreign countries and U.S. possessions. Please see the SAI for additional information regarding the foreign tax credit.

The Funds are required to report to certain shareholders and the IRS the cost basis of Fund shares acquired on or after January 1, 2012, when those shareholders subsequently sell, exchange or redeem those shares. The Funds will determine cost basis of such shares using the average cost method unless you elect in writing any alternate IRS-approved cost basis method. Please see the SAI for more information regarding cost basis reporting.

The federal income tax status of all distributions made by the Funds for the preceding year will be annually reported to shareholders. Distributions made by the Funds may also be subject to state and local taxes. Additional tax information may be found in the SAI.

This section is not intended to be a full discussion of federal income tax laws and the effect of such laws on you. There may be other federal, state, foreign or local tax considerations applicable to a particular investor. You are urged to consult your own tax advisor.

Derivative Actions

Pursuant to the Trust's Amended and Restated Declaration of Trust (the "Declaration of Trust"), and subject to the limitations disclosed in the Declaration of Trust, a Fund shareholder may only bring a derivative action if (i) the shareholder or shareholders make a pre-suit demand upon the Board of Trustees to bring the subject action unless an effort to cause the Board of Trustees to bring such an action is not likely to succeed (as defined in the Declaration of Trust); (ii) shareholders eligible to bring such derivative action under the Delaware Statutory Trust Act who hold at least 10% of the outstanding voting securities of the Trust, or 10% of the outstanding voting securities of the series or class to which such action relates, shall join in the request for the Board of Trustees to commence such action; and (iii) the Board of Trustees is afforded a reasonable amount of time to consider such shareholder request and to investigate the basis of such claim. The Board of Trustees shall be entitled to retain counsel or other advisors in considering the merits of the request and shall require an undertaking by the shareholders making such request to reimburse the Trust for the expense of any such advisors in the event that the Trustees determine not to bring such action. The provision requiring at least 10% of the outstanding voting securities of the Trust, applicable series or class to join in the request to bring the derivative action and the provision requiring an undertaking by the requesting shareholders to reimburse the Trust for the expense of any advisors retained by the Board of Trustees in the event that the Trustees determine not to bring such action, do not apply to claims brought under federal securities laws.

Financial Highlights

The financial highlights tables are intended to help you understand the Funds' financial performance for the past 5 years. Certain information reflects financial results for a single share of a Fund. The total return in the table represents the rate that you would have earned or lost on an investment in the Funds (assuming you reinvested all distributions). This information has been derived from the Funds' financial statements and financial highlights, which have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, the independent registered public accounting firm of the Funds, whose report, along with the Funds' financial statements, are included in the Funds' 2022 [Annual Report to Shareholders](#), which is available upon request. Because Investor Class shares of the Funds are not currently offered for purchase, the financial highlights for this class are not presented.

Bright Rock Mid Cap Growth Fund – Institutional Class

Per Share Data for a Share Outstanding Throughout Each Year

	Year Ended				
	February 28, 2022	February 28, 2021	February 29, 2020	February 28, 2019	February 28, 2018
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Year	<u>\$22.90</u>	<u>\$18.67</u>	<u>\$17.89</u>	<u>\$17.56</u>	<u>\$14.83</u>
Income (loss) from investment operations:					
Net investment income (loss) ⁽¹⁾	(0.07)	(0.06)	(0.07)	0.02	(0.01)
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments	2.65	5.52	1.56	0.31	2.75
Total from investment operations	<u>2.58</u>	<u>5.46</u>	<u>1.49</u>	<u>0.33</u>	<u>2.74</u>
Less distributions paid:					
From investment income	—	—	(0.02)	—	(0.01)
From net realized gain on investments	(2.13)	(1.23)	(0.69)	—	—
Total distributions paid	<u>(2.13)</u>	<u>(1.23)</u>	<u>(0.71)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(0.01)</u>
Net Asset Value, End of Year	<u>\$23.35</u>	<u>\$22.90</u>	<u>\$18.67</u>	<u>\$17.89</u>	<u>\$17.56</u>
Total Return	10.52%	29.12%	8.07%	1.88%	18.50%
Supplemental Data and Ratios:					
Net Assets, end of year (000's omitted)	\$90,405	\$82,862	\$67,142	\$63,918	\$66,052
Ratio of expenses to average net assets	1.07%	1.11%	1.14%	1.18%	1.21%
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets	(0.28)%	(0.31)%	(0.34)%	0.14%	(0.03)%
Portfolio turnover rate	20.1%	14.1%	29.1%	10.6%	15.3%

(1) Per share net investment income (loss) was calculated using average shares outstanding.

Bright Rock Quality Large Cap Fund – Institutional Class

Per Share Data for a Share Outstanding Throughout Each Year

	Year Ended				
	February 28, 2022	February 28, 2021	February 29, 2020	February 28, 2019	February 28, 2018
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Year	<u>\$19.87</u>	<u>\$16.58</u>	<u>\$16.42</u>	<u>\$16.26</u>	<u>\$15.26</u>
Income from investment operations:					
Net investment income ⁽¹⁾	0.20	0.22	0.23	0.25	0.20
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments	2.94	3.75	0.87	0.67	1.25
Total from investment operations	<u>3.14</u>	<u>3.97</u>	<u>1.10</u>	<u>0.92</u>	<u>1.45</u>
Less distributions paid:					
From investment income	(0.23)	(0.23)	(0.23)	(0.25)	(0.19)
From net realized gain on investments	(1.70)	(0.45)	(0.71)	(0.51)	(0.26)
Total distributions paid	<u>(1.93)</u>	<u>(0.68)</u>	<u>(0.94)</u>	<u>(0.76)</u>	<u>(0.45)</u>
Net Asset Value, End of Year	<u>\$21.08</u>	<u>\$19.87</u>	<u>\$16.58</u>	<u>\$16.42</u>	<u>\$16.26</u>
Total Return	15.35%	24.40%	6.24%	5.92%	9.54%
Supplemental Data and Ratios:					
Net Assets, end of year (000's omitted)	\$320,491	\$290,793	\$237,734	\$231,862	\$232,472
Ratio of expenses to average net assets	0.83%	0.86%	0.87%	0.88%	0.89%
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets	0.87%	1.27%	1.28%	1.53%	1.28%
Portfolio turnover rate	30.4%	30.7%	28.3%	42.6%	30.9%

(1) Per share net investment income was calculated using average shares outstanding.

PRIVACY NOTICE

The Funds collect non-public personal information about you from the following sources:

- information the Funds receive about you on applications or other forms;
- information you give the Funds orally; and/or
- information about your transactions with the Funds or others.

The Funds do not disclose any non-public personal information about their shareholders or former shareholders without the shareholder's authorization, except as permitted by law or in response to inquiries from governmental authorities. The Funds may share information with affiliated parties and unaffiliated third parties with whom they have contracts for servicing the Funds. The Funds will provide unaffiliated third parties with only the information necessary to carry out their assigned responsibility. All shareholder records will be disposed of in accordance with applicable law. The Funds maintain physical, electronic and procedural safeguards to protect your non-public personal information and require third parties to treat your non-public personal information with the same high degree of confidentiality.

In the event that you hold shares of the Funds through a financial intermediary, including, but not limited to, a broker-dealer, bank or trust company, the privacy policy of your financial intermediary governs how your non-public personal information is shared with unaffiliated third parties.

Investment Adviser

Bright Rock Capital Management, LLC
2036 Washington Street
Hanover, Massachusetts 02339

Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Deloitte & Touche LLP
111 South Wacker Drive
Chicago, Illinois 60606

Legal Counsel

Godfrey & Kahn, S.C.
833 East Michigan Street, Suite 1800
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202

Custodian

U.S. Bank National Association
Custody Operations
1555 North River Center Drive, Suite 302
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53212

Transfer Agent, Fund Accountant and Fund Administrator

U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC
615 East Michigan Street
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202

Distributor

Quasar Distributors, LLC
111 East Kilbourn Avenue, Suite 2200
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202

Bright Rock Funds

Each a series of Trust for Professional Managers

FOR MORE INFORMATION

You can find more information about the Funds in the following documents:

Statement of Additional Information

The Funds' SAI provides additional details about the investments and techniques of the Funds and certain other additional information. A current SAI is on file with the SEC and is incorporated into this Prospectus by reference. This means that the Funds' SAI is legally considered a part of this Prospectus even though it is not physically within this Prospectus.

Annual and Semi-Annual Reports

The Funds' annual and semi-annual reports provide additional information about the Funds, including their investments, their most recent financial reports and portfolio holdings. The Funds' annual report contains a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that affected the Funds' performance during the Funds' prior fiscal year.

You can obtain a free copy of these documents, request other information, or make general inquiries about the Funds by calling the Funds (toll-free) at 1-866-273-7223, by visiting the Funds' website at www.brightrockfunds.com or by writing to:

Bright Rock Funds
c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services
P.O. Box 701
Milwaukee, WI 53201-0701

Shareholder reports and other information about the Funds are also available:

- free of charge from the SEC's EDGAR database on the SEC's Internet website at <http://www.sec.gov>; or
- for a fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov.

(The Trust's SEC Investment Company Act of 1940 file number is 811-10401)